RUSSIA-UKRAINE WAR: A WATCHLIST OF EVOLVING SYSTEMS RISKS IN EURASIAN HOTSPOTS

ORGANISED CRIME NETWORKS



Refugees targeted for human trafficking, increasing smuggling flows

Poland Romania Slovakia Germany

Poland

2 Increased arms trafficking leads to deteriorating security environment

Opiate flows commonly transited North Macedonia via Ukraine are **diverted along** Romania the Balkan route increasing smuggling activity

Bulgaria

Western Balkans

COMMODITIES



FINANCIAL

1 Volatility in commodity markets, with some countries less resilient than others to changing prices

Perceptions of impending commodity shortages lead to stockpiling and protectionist **policies**, pushing up prices

Türkiye India China Indonesia

Lebanon

Syria

Yemen

Sanctions and export restrictions on commodities (oil, gas, fertiliser) from Russia benefit other exporters through higher export volumes and prices

China sees an opportunity to

ambitions to reform the

relations with Russia/Ukraine has

severe economic impacts for

countries with close economic

global financial system

garner support for its

Disruption of economic

Saudi Arabia UAE Kuwait Iraq Qatar Jordan

China

Belarus

Armenia

Uzbekistan

Kyrgyzstan

PEACE AND SECURITY



Increased potential for instability n regions of strategic importance to Russia including areas where it holds a mediator position

Georgia (Abkhazia and South Ossetia) Moldova (Transnistria) Armenia and Azerbaijan (Nagorno-Karabakh)

European countries increase defence spending, and new countries join NATO, further antagonising Russia and reinforcing Chinese concerns about NATO expansion

Finland Germany China

Global

Afghanistan

Pakistan

China

Iran

Western Balkans

odi.org

Increased risks associated with both tactical and strategic **nuclear warfare** in response to changing threat perceptions

China uses European and US focus on Ukraine to **shore up defence** and strategic alliances in the South China Sea and to diminish US power in hotspots

The current dominance and **status quo** of the rules-based international system is **openly** challenged

across Eurasia

Sweden

Poland **United Kingdom** Lithuania

Countries take advantage of sanctions against Russia for political leverage and financial gain

links to both countries

UAE Qatar Türkiye Israel Kazakhstan Uzbekistan

CLIMATE GOVERNANCE



Compound risks of economic instability and Ukraine conflict mean potential **deprioritisation** of delivering on the **Paris Agreement commitments**

Global

Russia fails to live up to climate **commitments**, undermining the Paris Agreement

Global

Germany

3 Embargo on Russian gas, higher gas prices and concerns about energy security drive demand for alternative fuels, including higher-carbon fuels, contributing to **higher emissions**

Czech Republic Italy China

4 China benefits from EU push **for renewables**, leaving the block more dependent on China for

China





